



KI und COVID

Erklärbarkeit und Entscheidungsunterstützung
durch KI in Pandemie-Situationen

From COVID data to recommendations: Examples of visualisation approaches

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<https://www.uni-koblenz.de/de/informatik/iwvi/wimmer/projekte/ki-und-covid>



Motivation and Objectives

- ❖ **Motivation:** Public COVID-19 data available from various different sources, in different states of aggregation and in different formats
 - Difficult to find the right data representation (without analysis)
 - Hard to impossible to find hidden information about dependencies, e.g. with respect to effectiveness of Anti-COVID measures
- ❖ **Objective:** Provide means to make data better accessible and comprehensible, in order to inform stakeholders and to support decision makers
- ❖ **Solution:** Integrated, interactive and web-based visualisations of empirical data and result data generated by AI methods, applying appropriate means of presentation

Dashboard for Exploration of Public COVID-19 Data

- ❖ Selection of parameters to be displayed, e.g.
 - Age group
 - Time period
 - Location (city or administrative district)

- ❖ Display of diagrams for specified parameters, e.g.
 - Bar graphs for various numbers or rates for each city/district
 - Timeline diagram for number of COVID cases

Weekly Hospitalization* Rate (Normalized**)

Select age group from range: 1 (0-11 years), 2 (12-19 years), 3 (20-59 years), 4 (above 60)

1 x 2 x 3 x 4 x

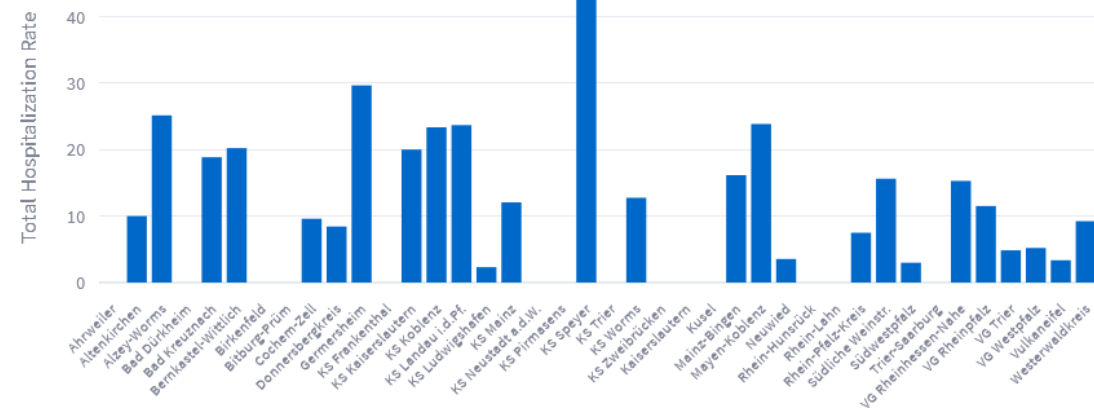
Select starting week and date (Week number, YYYY-MM-DD)

48 - 2022-12-01

Select ending week and date (Week number, YYYY-MM-DD)

51 - 2022-12-22

Hospitalization Rate for Age Group(s): 1 (0-11 years), 2 (12-19 years), 3 (20-59 years), 4 (above 60) fr





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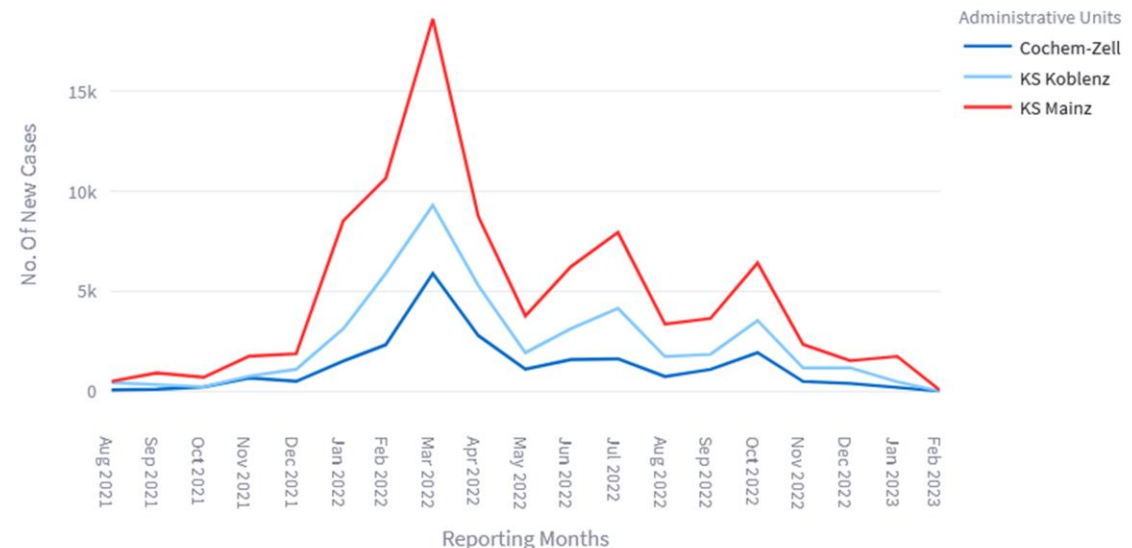
- Bar graphs for various numbers or rates for each city/district
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Monthly New Cases

Select Administrative Units:

KS Koblenz x KS Mainz x Cochem-Zell x

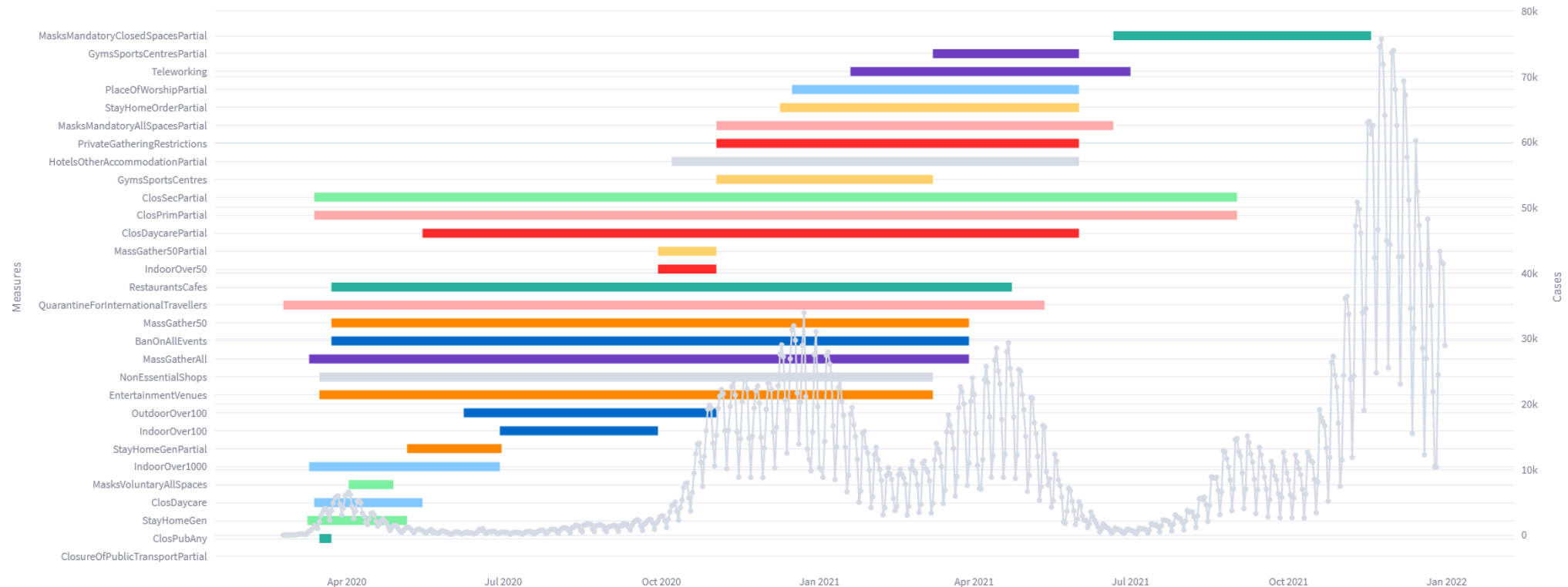
Monthly New Cases



Integrated Visualisation of Data: Measures and Infection Numbers

Chart with absolute number of COVID cases in Germany for specified period of time (2020-2021), together with non-pharmacological anti-COVID measures in force during this time period

Timeline of Measures and Cases in Germany





Conclusions and Further Activities

- ❖ Appropriate visualisations play a key role in making (even publically) available data accessible to decision makers and stakeholders
- ❖ Integrated visualisation approaches allow (at least) qualitative analyses for dependencies between various different aspects, thereby disclosing complex and/or hidden information
- ❖ Further activities within AI&COVID to be incorporated in the dashboard in future research
 - Various approaches of statistical and AI-based data analysis systems, generating outcomes that can be displayed e.g. in similar charts as shown
 - A prototype of a Case-based Reasoning (CBR) System can deliver recommendations for policies for given epidemic situations

Thank you for your attention!

Questions ...

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